

Date: July 8, 2009, Wednesday

NAME:.....

STUDENT NO:.....

SECTION NUMBER: .....

**Math 116 Calculus – QUIZ # 7**

---

**Question:** Find the ( counterclockwise) circulation of the vector field  $\mathbf{F} = (x - y)\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j}$  around the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

**Solution:** Let  $C$  be the positively oriented circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ . Use the usual parametrization  $\mathbf{r} = (\cos t, \sin t)$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ . Observe that  $(dx, dy) = (-y, x) dt$  on  $C$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Circulation of } \mathbf{F} &= \oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \oint_C (Mdx + Ndy) = \int_0^{2\pi} (Nx - My) dt \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} (x^2 + (x - y)(-y)) dt \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} (1 - \sin t \cos t) dt = 2\pi. \end{aligned}$$

**Question:** Find the flux of the vector field  $\mathbf{F} = y\mathbf{i} + (x - y)\mathbf{j}$  across the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

**Solution:** Using the above set up, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flux of } \mathbf{F} &= \oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} ds = \oint_C (Mdy - Ndx) = \int_0^{2\pi} (Mx + Ny) dt \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} (2xy - y^2) dt \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} (2 \cos t \sin t - \sin^2 t) dt = -\pi. \end{aligned}$$