



Quiz # 8
 Math 101-Section 01 Calculus I
 6 April, 2018, Friday
 Instructor: Ali Sinan Sertöz
Solution Key



Bilkent University

Name:

Department:

Student ID:

Q-1)

(i) Express $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k^2 + kn + n^2}{k^3 + 2n^3}$ as a definite integral; do not evaluate the integral

(ii) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin x - \sin^3 x)(7 + \cos^3 x)^{1/3} dx$.

Answer:

(i) We want the summand to look like $f(x_k)\Delta x_k$ where $x_k = k/n$ and $\Delta x_k = 1/n$.

$$\frac{k^2 + kn + n^2}{k^3 + 2n^3} = \frac{k^2n + kn^2 + n^3}{k^3 + 2n^3} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{\left(\frac{k}{n}\right)^2 + \frac{k}{n} + 1}{\left(\frac{k}{n}\right)^3 + 2} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^3 + 2} \Delta x.$$

Hence

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k^2 + kn + n^2}{k^3 + 2n^3} = \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^3 + 2} dx.$$

(ii) Let $u = 7 + \cos^3 x$, then $du = -3 \sin x \cos^2 x dx$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{x=0}^{x=\pi/2} (\sin x - \sin^3 x)(7 + \cos^3 x)^{1/3} dx &= \int_{x=0}^{x=\pi/2} \sin x \cos^2 x (7 + \cos^3 x)^{1/3} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{3} \int_{x=0}^{x=\pi/2} (-3 \sin x \cos^2 x)(7 + \cos^3 x)^{1/3} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{3} \int_{x=0}^{x=\pi/2} u^{1/3} du \\ &= -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} u^{4/3} \Big|_{x=0}^{x=\pi/2} \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} (7 + \cos^3 x)^{4/3} \Big|_{x=0}^{x=\pi/2} \right) \\ &= 4 - \frac{7 \cdot 7^{1/3}}{4} \\ &\approx 0.65. \end{aligned}$$